

137
F O L L Y.

A

P O E M.

Written by the AUTHOR of
The FEMALE RAKE, and RAKE of TASTE.

*Qui fit, Mæcenâs, ut nemo quam sibi sortem
Seu ratio dederit, seu fors Objecerit, illâ
Contentus vivat? laudet diversa Sequentes?* Horace.



L O N D O N :

Printed for T. COOPER, at the *Globe*, in *Pater-Nostre-Row*.
M. DCC. XXXVII.

F O L I O

4

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Written by the Author of
The Female Rake, and Rake of Taste.

For Mr. M. at some distance from
the ratio of the, for the purpose of
Contentment, and the spirit of the
Horace.



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Printed for T. Gooden, at the Office in Pall-mall, N. W. - Row.
M. DCC. LXXXII.



F O L L Y.

A

P O E M.



Nough, my Muse, 'tis time to lay aside
Thy uselefs fatyr, upon vice and pride:
Folly, we find, is of the *Hydra* race,
One head lopp'd off, another head takes place.

Examine life, in ev'ry diff'rent stage,
In childhood, puberty, and waneing age;

B

In

In sapless trunks, which to the grave incline,
 Where silver'd hairs, with fourscore Winters shine :
 Look thro' the world ; examine man by man ;
 View ev'ry station ; ev'ry action scan ;
Folly, you'll see, each individual guides,
 O'er ev'ry age, o'er ev'ry state presides.
 The child's amusements only change their name ;
 The infant's temper, and the man's the same :
 The passions, equally, in both are strong,
 And both, with vehemence, pursue what's wrong.

The child, the youth ; the youth to ^{grown,} manhood
 Are fond of trifles, and to anger prone ;
 Alike are fickle, and alike despise
 When once obtain'd, what once they most did prize.

Tho' diff'rent objects may engross the soul,
 Still, in the orb of *Folly*, on we rowl ;
 The rattle still has charms, and rip'ning age,
 But sinks the bawble in the equipage :

Elate

Elate the youth the gilded chariot views,
 And shews this toy, as late he shew'd new shoes ;
 We ask not, now, where pretty master's fine,
 We see the squire, we see his lackies shine.
 From different springs his youthful pleasures rise ;
 Fond to cause wonder, and attract our eyes,
 His happiness is plac'd in other's thought ;
 And the world's sentiments are dearly bought :
 Why this expence and shew ? to gain th' esteem
 Of being, really, what we strive to seem ;
 Thus starving *Codrus*, with th' unhappy itch,
 Of being thought, by other people, rich,
 Set out with shew, was seen among the great,
 And for opinion, spent his whole estate :
Codrus was deaf to all his friends could say,
 Flew into passion, and would have his way.
 Thus infants taken with a glitt'ring knife,
 Can see no danger, know no risque of life ;
 Eager they reach at what has pleas'd their eyes,
 If kindly cross'd, what sudden storms arise !

Strangers

Strangers to consequence, the knife withheld,
 The eyes are fill'd, the under lip is swell'd;
 Deep sobs succeed, th' extended heart will rise,
 And rage express itself, in eager cries.
 So men, short-sighted, gay ideas form,
 And in pursuit of fancy'd blifs grow warm;
 View still the pleasing side, but never dare
 To ask how rational their projects are,
 Lest god-like Reason should destroy their schemes,
 And mar the pleasure of their waking dreams:
 Charm'd with such views as gratify the sense,
 We'll only see the wish'd-for consequence;
 Tho' sure destruction stares us in the face,
 We shut our eyes, and, fond, pursue the chace:
 If providence does kindly interpose,
 And thwarting, saves us from a Sea of woes,
 How do we storm, how curse our wayward fate,
 And make e'en Heav'n the object of our hate!

Fools that we are, we've all one point in view,
 Yet the same end, by different paths pursue;

But

But few, alas! can reach the happy goal,
 As most, thro' roads of blund'ring error strole;
 The cause is plain, we Reason's aid refuse,
 And for our guides, our blind affections chuse.
 How stupid is mankind; how strangely weak;
 We eager fly the happiness we seek!
 The means of happiness to all are giv'n,
 Wou'd we accept the bounteous dole of Heav'n;
 Wou'd we remonstrance from our reason bear,
 And trust that wisdom which has plac'd us here;
 Wou'd we believe that he who fram'd this ball
 Knows best our wants, and will supply them all;
 At least, as far as Wisdom will permit,
 Which best must know, what for each station's fit.
 But no; we, proud and obstinate, refuse
 The good he offers with a hand profuse;
 Govern'd by passions, and, misled by pride,
 We dash the profer'd happiness aside:
 The infant thus rejects its wholesome food,
 And cries for trash, which must corrupt his blood.

C

Or,

Or, if we own the bliss, we soon are cloy'd,
 And pine for something else we've not enjoy'd;
 In that alone, our happiness is plac'd,
 What we possess, we can no longer taste;
 Cou'd I obtain this object of desire,
 There's nothing more, on earth, I would require :
 The wish is gratify'd, experience shews
 Fruition never to ideas rose.
 Baulk'd in my hopes, this object I despise,
 And on some other fix my roving eyes:
 This is, I'm sure, with happiness replete,
 But this enjoy'd, I find as great a cheat.
 The infant-state here rises to our view,
 Children with eagerness some toy pursue ;
 Which, when obtain'd, immediately they flight,
 And on some other bawble fix their sight.

Of large possessions *Attalus* is lord,
 Enjoys whate'er may happiness afford ;
 His health is good, and faultless is his form,
 Bless'd with a wife, who might an anch'rite warm :

To

To charms uncommon, has the matron joyn'd,
 The far superior beauties of the mind;
 Lovely as truth, beneficent discreet,
 In her the virtues, and the graces meet.
 View her in each capacity of life,
 As mother, mistress, neighbour, Friend or wife,
 In no one duty an *Hiatus*' seen;
 Tender, humane, observant, kind, serene;
 Courteous to all, tho' chearful, yet reserv'd,
 Commands with mildness, and with pleasure's serv'd.
 Tho' Fortune swells his sails with kindly breeze,
 Th' unhappy *Attalus* is not at ease;
 With such a wife, bless'd with a lovely race,
 He inward pines; for what? Why e'en for place.
 His large estates no happiness afford;
 He should be happy, were he made---a lord;
 What signify the trifles now possess'd,
 The great and pow'rful are the only bless'd:
 Better at court, a mean attendance pay,
 Than in the country have whole towns obey;

Better

Better at Court, tho' treated with neglect,
Than in the country meet a due respect.

This Folly seiz'd on poor *Ventidius*' brains,
And made him barter liberty for chains;
He flatters peasants first, a servile crew,
(But what's so mean, th' ambitious will not do?)
Drinks with a cobbler, to a tinker bows,
Asks how his children do, how fares his spouse?
Prays that his service may not be forgot,
And calls, for honest *Tom*, another pot.
Success attends him, and his fawning arts
With bribes attended, gain the peasants hearts.
A senator now made, he wary, views
Which party's properest for him to chuse;
If on the country's side he should declare,
Or join the other, and the plunder share;
For then, not now, the ministry were known
To value no one's interest, but their own.
With boundless views of posts, and boundless gains,
He keeps no measures, and he spares no pains;

Fawns

Fawns on the statesman, and obsequious pays
 His constant court on all the levy days;
 For offer'd service he a smile receives,
 But still no post the crafty statesman gives.
Ventidius saw he was not yet of note,
 That he had giv'n, where he'd have sold his vote, }
 And in revenge, resolves to turn his coat.
 This change with little trouble he'll excuse,
 He did not like the ministerial views;
 While they were just, he was the statesman's friend;
 But as he finds, they to oppression tend,
 His trust he'll not, for private ends betray,
 Nor complement the people's rights away.
 Now keen resentment warms the patron's breast,
 The nation is, with needless loads, oppress'd,
 By wicked ministers the people's drain'd;
 The *English* glory by their conduct stain'd;
 Thus in the senate did he stretch his throat,
 And blunder'd out, what abler men had wrote.

D

But

But not to farther trace the dirty story,
 Let us now view him in the height of glory;
 After long toil, his wishes are compleat,
 He rules the helm, and is as rich as great.
 In pomp and pow'r all happiness he fix'd,
 But found new cares, were with new honours mix'd;
 That sweet repose, which the contented find,
 Th' invaluable calm, and peace of mind,
 Which rural scenes, and innocence afford,
 He wish'd, alas! but wish'd in vain restor'd;
 His grandeur oft with wat'ry eyes he'd own,
 Was golden gyves his folly had put on.
 Envy'd by fools, he liv'd a glorious slave,
 And found no quiet till he reach'd the grave.

Martius another sort of folly seiz'd,
 With splendor of a court, this youth's not pleas'd,
 Nor town nor country satisfaction yield,
 He thirsts for laurels in the bloody field.

In

In deathless Fame, the hero's bliss is plac'd,
 Which by no envy, by no times effac'd.
 His glorious deeds by future ages read,
 Is mighty satisfaction when he's dead.
 Howe'er, the youth touch'd with the thirst of Fame,
 Wou'd stake his life, to raise himself a name.
 Deaf to advice, remonstrances are vain,
 He flies his ease, to go in search of pain,
 And comes with safety from his first campaign. }
 Fond of applause, and with success elate,
 He takes the field, and tempts again his fate :
 There full of glory, but all o'er one wound,
 His mangled corps among the dead is found ;
 Deep in the hostile ranks he cut his way,
 And heaps of slaughter'd foes around him lay.
 'Twas thus the rich, the noble *Martius* fell,
 And left his tale for wiser men to tell.

Blennus whose sense allows undoubted claim,
 To all the favours of the fickle dame ;

Her

Her fav'rite son, in fertile manors rich;
Blennus was taken with the scribbling itch:
 By folly steer'd, he sails in search of praise,
 And hopes to gain it by his deathless lays;
 But the blind pilot, wreck'd him on a shelf,
 The lines he wrote, prov'd fatyrs on himself.

A fleeting shade not only do we chace,
 While in wrong objects happiness we place,
 But thoughtless means pursue, which ever tend
 To bear us farther from our wish'd-for end.

Distant respect, alone, can *MURKES* please,
 A wretch just started from the people's leas,
 Proud of the title which his father bought,
 He airs assumes, and wou'd be noble thought;
 (That badge of virtue, præmium of the brave,
 Sunk to the purchase of each mony'd slave!)
 In make, a porter, and in sense an ass,
 He practices, each day, before his glass;

Puts

Puts on the haughty look, the scornful sneer,
 The piercing glance, and the discovering leer ;
 Majestick struts, and vainly fancies all ,
 Before the golden calf, must prostrate fall.
 With crabbed letters who wou'd plague his head,
 Who but the wretch, who studies for his bread.

Now, to another species turn our eyes,
 For fools on fools, like swarms of summer flies, }
 Croud on my thoughts, and in profusion rise.
 See poor *Avarus*, with a sickly light,
 Watching his bags, wear out the tedious night ;
 With barricaded doors, a slave to fears,
 He starts, he trembles at each noise he hears ;
 His wounded brains immediately present,
 The bloody thief upon his murder bent.

This wretch in search of happiness, is sure,
 Ten thousand more, wou'd happiness secure ;

E

Ten

Ten thousand more are got: Art easy? No,
He wants ten thousand yet, to make him so.

By passion led, he happiness foregoes,
And dives for happiness in seas of woes;
Flies profer'd ease, fondly a shade pursues,
And for this shadow does the substance lose.
By folly prompted to encrease his store,
He starves to-day, to-morrow to have more,
And to die rich, lives curst, despis'd and poor.
Say, to what end is all this carking care?
To feed the vices of a spendthrift heir.
That wealth, which now, thy usuries amass,
He soon to other usurers will pass:
Nor is he blam'd, in thee is nature dead,
And he must premiums pay, or must want bread;
But 'tis no wonder, since the love of pelf,
Has wrought thee up to hatred of thyself.

Bane of mankind, than tygers worse, for they,
When forc'd by hunger, only seek their prey;

But

But thou, while brooding o'er an endless store,
 Dost by extortions, prey upon the poor.
 Bread from the hungry take, from beggars rags,
 And heap'st up curses, as thou heap'st up bags.
 Thou suff'rest more than hermits in their cell,
 While they for heav'n abstain, thou fast'st for hell.

Learn of the ant, thou fool, they hoard no more,
 Than what will serve them for their winter's store.

Learn of the brute to place thy trust in heav'n,
 And grateful use the many blessings giv'n.
 The lowing beasts their adoration pay,
 And thankfully salute the springing day;
 On providence rely, and graze the field,
 That yields fresh verdure, they new praises yield:
 Thy shew of praise is only to ensnare
 Some heedless man, or fleece some wealthy heir: }
 Thou mock'st th'almighty when thou offer'st prayer

F I N I S.